



## High Gloss Panel (Chipboard Based)

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

S-P Code

S-P-02221

**Publication Date** 

10.02.2021

**Programme** 

EPD Turkey

**Validity Date** 

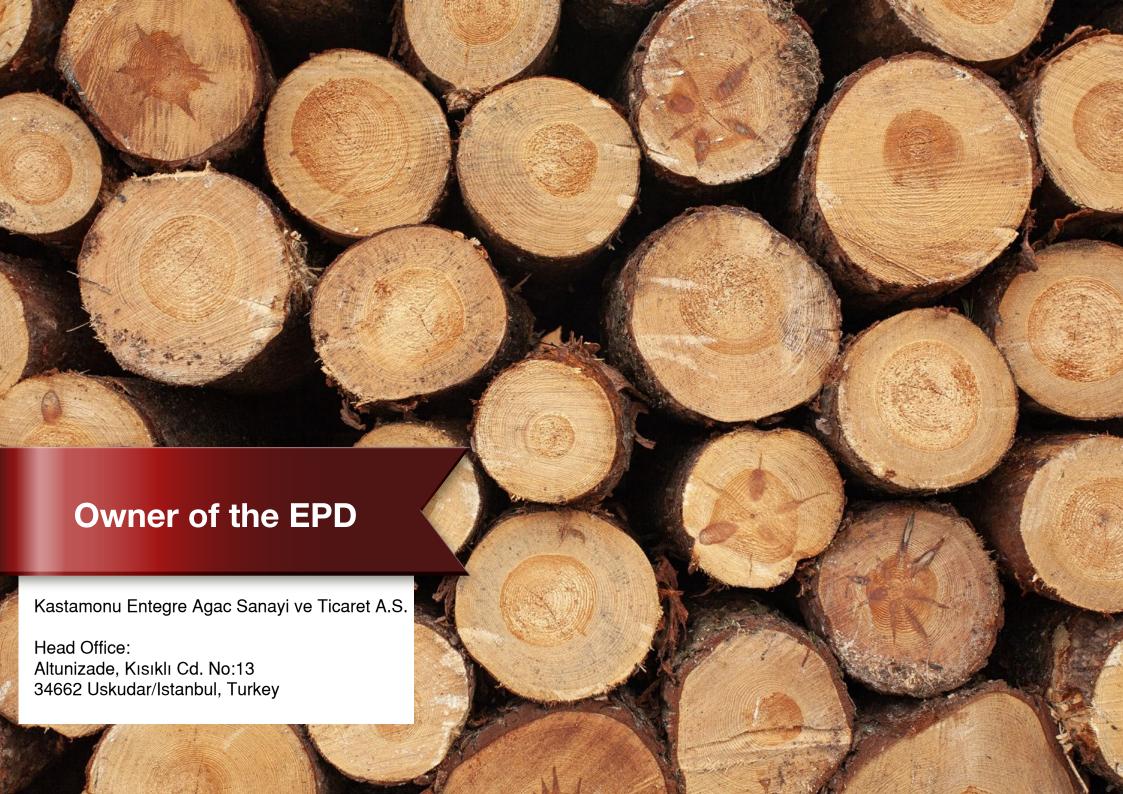
09.02.2026

TURKEY EPD®

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS



Version: V 1.2, Revised Date: 01.10.2022





## Program Information

EPD Turkey, managed and run by:

Programme

SÜRATAM – Turkish Centre for Sustainable Production Research & Design, www.suratam.org Nef 09 B Blok No:7/15 34415 Kağıthane/Istanbul, Turkey

www.epdturkey.org info@epdturkey.org

The International EPD® System

EPD International AB Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm, Sweden

www.environdec.com info@environdec.com

Product Category Rules (PCR): 2019:14 Version 1.1, 2019-09-14, Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services, EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 Sustainability of Construction Works, c-PCR-006 Wood and wood-based products for use in construction (EN 16485)

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

EPD process certification

X EPD verification

Third party verifier: Vladimír Kocí, PhD

Approved by: The International EPD® System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

Yes

X No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.





Maintaining its uninterrupted production for half a century in the wood-based panel industry, Kastamonu Entegre is a global-scale company engaged in production in 6 countries, with investments in Romania, Bulgaria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Russia, Italy and Turkey. In the USA, it has a company that carries out wood chip supply and logistics processes.

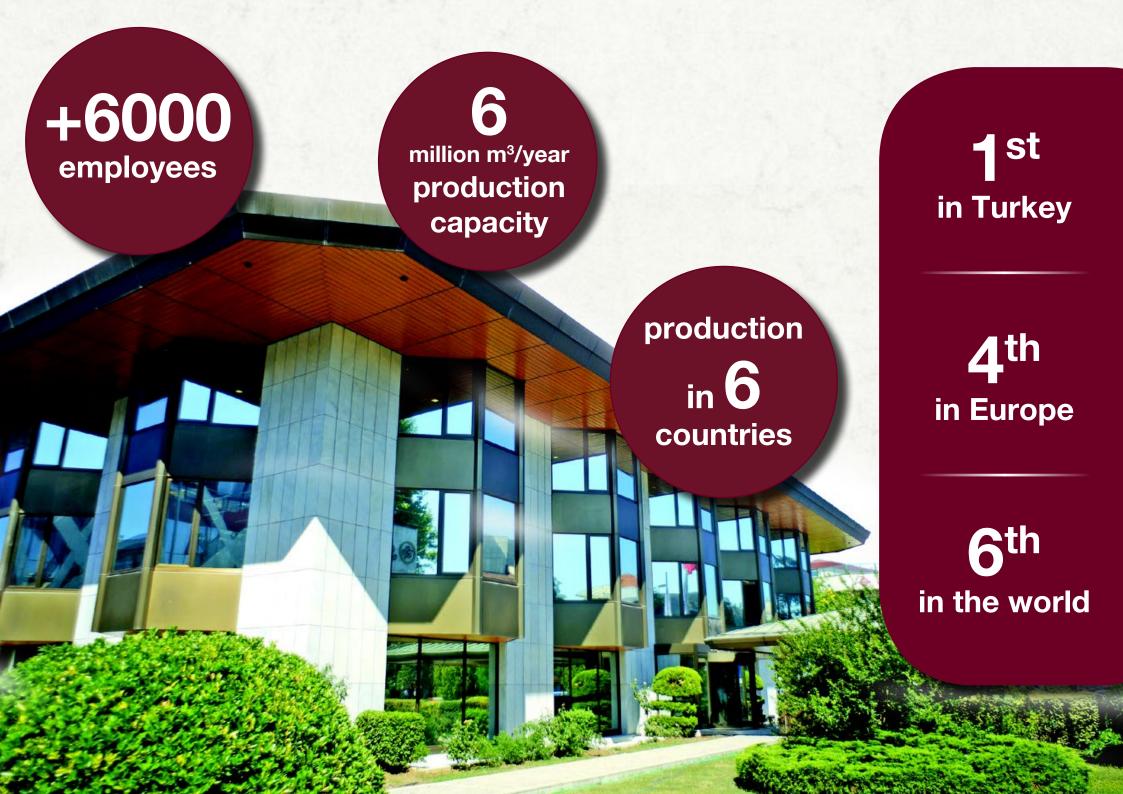
Kastamonu Entegre has become the world's sixth largest company in the wood-based panel industry with its overseas investments extending more than 20 years, and has been among the top four manufacturers in Europe. It is one of the four largest manufacturers in the world with each of its main product groups; namely MDF, chipboard, laminate flooring, and door skin. It undertakes 6% of the world laminate flooring production alone. Not only the Turkey's industry leader with its 30% market share, Kastamonu Entegre, at the same time is by far the leader of the industry with its imports each year to 100 countries in six continents extending from China to America and Australia to Canada.

With its turnover of 1.3 billion dollars and its strength, knowledge and experience in production, it provides employment to more than 6 thousand people in its domestic and foreign production facilities as well as its offices. In its production facilities with a total of 6 million m³/year wood-based panel production capacity, where it caters the requirements of furniture, decoration and construction industries with its MDF and particle board, laminate flooring, worktop and door skin products, it

produces a volume that contributes to the formation of living spaces of 4 500 homes every day. Proud bearer of "The Biggest Turkish Investor of Italy" title, Kastamonu Entegre also happens to be the largest MDF producer and exporter of Russia.

Responding to the demands of its customers, Kastamonu Entegre can produce FSC, CARB2 / EPA Certified products and at E1, E0.5 (1/2), E0, F4Start quality by obtaining wood raw materials from 100% sustainable and renewable sources. In addition, E1 quality production is carried out in all its facilities. "Floorpan" and "Artfloor" are the first Turkish laminate flooring brands that have "Blue Angel" certificate, which shows that environmentally friendly materials are used in production and that the products do not contain any hazardous substances for human health. Acting with the mission of preserving natural balance and contributing to the society, the company is one of the three companies that prepared the sustainability report in the industry. It carries out studies on product and process development, efficiency increase, efficient resource utilization and advanced material technologies in its R&D center in Istanbul, which it has set up to develop technologies of the future.

The company has certifications such as ISO 9001 Quality Management, ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management, ISO 14001 Environmental Management, ISO 50001 Energy Management, and also the Turquality Certificate. Production is made in conformity with the TSE and European Norms (EN).





High Gloss Panels are wooden panels with decorative glossy surface obtained by applying glue and UV Acrylic lacquer on the surface of melamine faced Chipboard through various industrial processes using an advanced and unique technology. With the lacquer applied after the chemical contamination of hot coating process providing an excellent adhesion to the melamine coated surface, a surface with a scratch and wear resistance higher than the other glossy surfaces is obtained. Furthermore, the top layer hardened by means of UV rays is also resistant to discoloration by sun light and chemicals. In this way, excellent specular gloss is obtained. This technology provides a solution opening new ways in surface coating, highlighting the natural look and texture of the solid wood, substantially facilitating surface finishing application. High Gloss Panels resistant to wear, impacts and scratching reflects the naturalness of the wood while enriching your living space with specular gloss through different color options. Acrylic Lacquered Panel Products that can be used in furniture production as the symbol of elegance and quality, ushers in a new age in the sector with its technology maintaining its glossy look for a long time.







The average density of Kastamonu Entegre High Gloss Panel with a thickness of 8-18 mm is 704-770 kg/m³.

The UN CPC code of the product is 3143.

#### Typical Material Composition, 1 m<sup>3</sup>

Raw Material	Weight, %
Wood Chips	80-90
UMF Glue	9-11
UV Based Chemicals	0-1

Wood chips type can be varied and mainly sourced from pine, beech, and oak trees.



Thickness Range

8-18 mm



**Dimensions** 

2100x2800 mm

#### **GLOSSMAX TEKNOLAMS Technical Specifications**

Tankwinal Data	Test		Thickness Range
Technical Data	Standard	Unit	6 <t≤13 13<t≤20<="" th=""></t≤13>
Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions -Thickness Compared to Rated Values - Thickness T Relative to Nominal Value	EN 14323	mm	<15 / ≥15 to 20 mm ; +0.5 /-0.3; >20 mm; ± 0.5 - <15 / ≥15 to 20 mm ; $t_{max}$ - $t_{min}$ ≤ 0.6
Lengt And Width	EN 14323	mm	± 5
Flatness	EN 14323	mm/m	only for balancd surfaces which $t \ge 15$ mm; $\le 2$
Edge Damage	EN 14323	mm	≤ 10
Surface Defects	EN 14323	mm²/m²	points≤ 2
Surface Defects	EN 14323	mm/m²	line ≤ 20
Resistance to Scratching	EN 14323	N	Class B 2≤t<3.5
Resistance to Cracking	EN 14323	Rating	≥3
Resistance to Staining	EN 14323	Rating	≥3
Gloss	EN 14323	Gloss Unit (GU)	20° min.85
Cross Cut	EN ISO 2409	Class	0 or 1
Surface Soundness	EN 311	N/mm²	≥1
Formaldehyde Release	EN ISO 12460-3	mg/m²h	$E0 < 1.75$ , $E1 \le 3,.5$ $E2$ , $3,.5 < release \le 8$
Mirror Effect	TSE K 479	Observation	Min.6
Light Fastness (Xenon Arc Lamp)	EN 15187	Scale	Grey Scale ≥ 4 Blue Wool > 6, *Suitable * For pigmented products only

Note 1: This document may be modified at any time by the company without any express obligation to send any updated edition to all original recipients. To verify that you have the latest edition available, you are advised to contact the relevant sales executive.

Note 2: For current TSE document / document scope, it is recommended to contact the relevant sales executive.

Note 3: GLOSSMAX TEKNOLAMS boards match all of the technical specifications of the TEKNOPAN.

#### **GLOSSMAX PRO TEKNOLAMS Technical Specifications**

Tashmiaal Data	Test		Thickness Range
Technical Data	Standard	Unit	6 <t≤13 13<t≤20<="" th=""></t≤13>
Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions -Thickness Compared to Rated Values - Thickness T Relative to Nominal Value	EN 14323	mm	<15 / ≥15 to 20 mm ; +0.5 /-0.3; >20 mm; ± 0.5 - <15 / ≥15 to 20 mm ; $t_{max}$ - $t_{min}$ ≤ 0.6
Lengt And Width	EN 14323	mm	± 5
Flatness	EN 14323	mm/m	only for balancd surfaces which $t \ge 15$ mm; $\le 2$
Edge Damage	EN 14323	mm	≤ 10
Surface Defects	EN 14323	mm²/m²	points≤ 2
Surface Defects	EN 14323	mm/m²	line ≤ 20
Resistance to Scratching	EN 14323	N	Class B 2≤t<3.5
Resistance to Cracking	EN 14323	Rating	≥3
Resistance to Staining	EN 14323	Rating	≥3
Gloss	EN 14323	Gloss Unit (GU)	20° min.85
Cross Cut	EN ISO 2409	Class	0 or 1
Surface Soundness	EN 311	N/mm²	≥1
Formaldehyde Release	EN ISO 12460-3	mg/m²h	E0 < 1.75, E1 ≤ 3,.5 E2, 3,.5 < release ≤ 8
Mirror Effect	TSE K 479	Observation	Min.6
Light Fastness (Xenon Arc Lamp)	EN 15187	Scale	Grey Scale ≥ 4 Blue Wool > 6, *Suitable  * For pigmented products only

Note 1: This document may be modified at any time by the company without any express obligation to send any updated edition to all original recipients. To verify that you have the latest edition available, you are advised to contact the relevant sales executive.

Note 2: For current TSE document / document scope, it is recommended to contact the relevant sales executive.

Note 3: GLOSSMAX PRO TEKNOLAMS boards match all of the technical specifications of the TEKNOPAN.

#### **MATTPLUS TEKNOLAMS Technical Specifications**

Tachwinel Date	Test	l limit	Thickness Range
Technical Data	Standard	Unit	6 <t≤13 13<t≤20<="" th=""></t≤13>
Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions -Thickness Compared to Rated Values - Thickness T Relative to Nominal Value	EN 14323	mm	<15 / ≥15 to 20 mm ; +0.5 /-0.3; >20 mm; ± 0.5 - <15 / ≥15 to 20 mm ; $t_{max}$ - $t_{min}$ ≤ 0.6
Lengt And Width	EN 14323	mm	± 5
Flatness	EN 14323	mm/m	only for balancd surfaces which $t \ge 15$ mm; $\le 2$
Edge Damage	EN 14323	mm	≤ 10
Surface Defects	EN 14323	mm²/m²	points≤ 2
Surface Defects	EN 14323	mm/m²	line ≤ 20
Resistance to Scratching	EN 14323	N	Class B 2≤t<3.5
Resistance to Cracking	EN 14323	Rating	≥3
Resistance to Staining	EN 14323	Rating	≥3
Cross Cut	EN ISO 2409	Class	0 or 1
Surface Soundness	EN 311	N/mm²	≥1
Formaldehyde Release	EN ISO 12460-3	mg/m²h	E0 < 1.75, E1 ≤ 3,.5 E2, 3,.5 < release ≤ 8
Mirror Effect	TSE K 479	Observation	Min.6
Light Fastness (Xenon Arc Lamp)	EN 15187	Scale	Grey Scale ≥ 4 Blue Wool > 6, *Suitable * For pigmented products only

Note 1: This document may be modified at any time by the company without any express obligation to send any updated edition to all original recipients. To verify that you have the latest edition available, you are advised to contact the relevant sales executive.

Note 2: For current TSE document / document scope, it is recommended to contact the relevant sales executive.

Note 3: MATTPLUS TEKNOLAMS boards match all of the technical specifications of the TEKNOPAN.

As Kastamonu Entegre, we adopt an ethical, transparent, equitable and accountable management approach in the awareness of our environmental, economic and social contributions and impacts.

We engage in activities that strengthen our corporate structure, and we take sustainable development-based growth as the basis, in line with our target of becoming a global brand.

In determining our strategies, we always consider the expectations and opinions of our stakeholders and create a strong bond by ensuring their satisfaction. We conduct practices with an employee-oriented perspective that takes into account their expectations and needs, thereby creating an efficient and peaceful working environment.

Besides ensuring the health and safety of all our employees, we also contribute to their training and development activities.

Pursuant to our responsible purchasing approach, we perform our raw material supply processes based on sustainable forest management. We support initiatives related to this model and contribute positively to their development.

Our innovation and R&D processes enable us to develop and manufacture products that create high quality, environmentally friendly and healthy living spaces using state-of-the-art technology.

We respect human rights and encourage equal opportunity.

We pay regard to energy and water efficiency; we implement renewable and innovative energy projects accordingly.

We contribute to the welfare of the local community by creating employment and economic value in our geographic locations.

# KASTAMONU ENTEGRE Sustainability Policy



1 m<sup>3</sup> of GLOSSMAX TEKNOLAM with an average density 646 kg/m<sup>3</sup> **Declared Unit** 

1 m<sup>3</sup> of GLOSSMAX PRO TEKNOLAM with an average density 644 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

1 m<sup>3</sup> of MATTPLUS TEKNOLAM with an average density 641 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Time

Representativeness

Database(s) and LCA Software Used 2019

TLCID ver. 1.0 (Turkish Lifecycle Inventory Database), Ecoinvent 3.6, SimaPro 9.1

The inventory for the LCA study is based on the 2019 production figures for High Gloss Panel products by Kastamonu Entegre production plants in Gebze.

This EPD's system boundary is cradle to gate. The system boundary covers A1 - A3 product stages, C1 - C4 end of life and D stages.

	Product Stage		Prod	rcution cess age									Benefits and Loads			
Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water Use	Deconstruction, demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	Future reuse, recycling or energy recovery potentials
A1	A2	А3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х



## System Boundary



#### **A1: Raw Material Supply**

Kastamonu Entegre's productions start from wood. The company supplies its raw materials necessary from suitable forests. Raw material supply includes raw material extraction/preparation and pre-treatment processes before production.



#### **A2: Transportation**

Transport is relevant for delivery of raw materials and other materials to the plant and the transport of materials within the plant. Transport of raw materials to production sites is taken as the weight average values for transport from raw materials supplier in 2019.

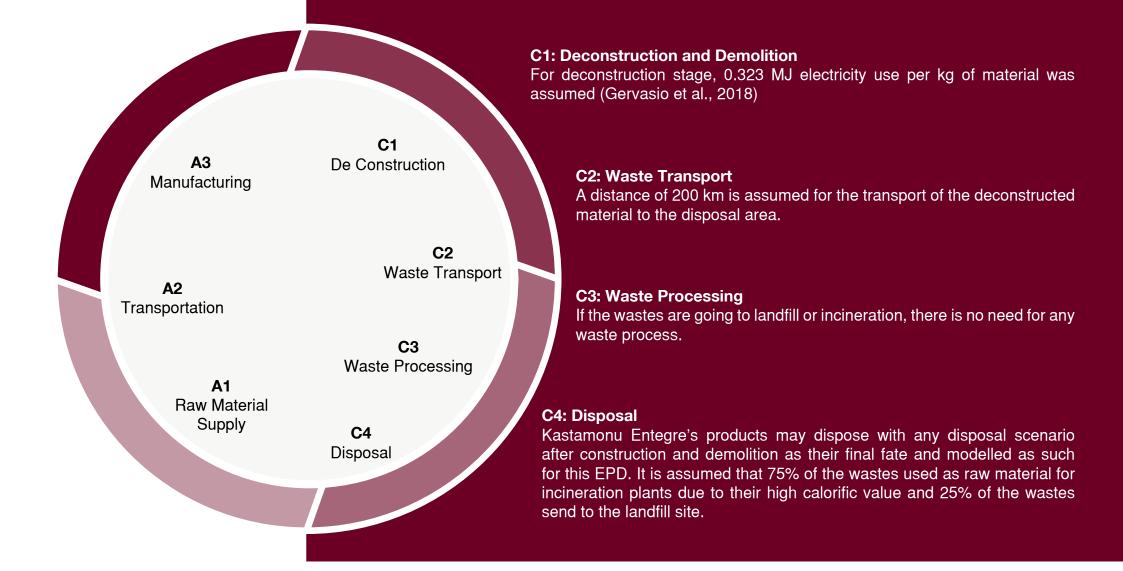


#### A3: Manufacturing

Kastamonu Entegre's manufacturing flows are given as below respectively. Some process can be vary according to production plant.

- 1 Chipping
- 2 Chips Classification
- 3 Flaking
- 4 Drying
- 5 Gluing
- 6 Mat formation

- 7 Pressing
- 8 Cutting & trimming
- 9 Cooling
- 10 Sanding
- 11 Quality control
- 12 Storage



#### D Stage (Benefits and Load)

For benefits and loads beyond, a calorific value of 18.6 MJ per kg of High Gloss Panel was assumed (Günther et al., 2012) to calculate the amount of avoided electricity production from heat. In this stage, the production efficiency of the plant which electricity generation from incineration is assumed as %20.



#### **Production Plants and Allocations**

Kastamonu Entegre has production facilities for wood-based products in Turkey, Italy, Russia, Romania, and Bulgaria. Raw material contents are modeled for each product and each factory. Water consumption, energy consumption and raw material transportation were weighted according to 2019 production figures.

In addition, hazardous and non-hazardous waste amounts were also allocated from the 2019 total waste generation.

#### **Packaging**

Products by Kastamonu Entegre is delivered en users in film plastic packaging, corrugated board, or composite packaging. The packaging of the final product is included in the LCA.

#### **Cut-Off Criteria**

%1 cut-off applied. Data for elementary flows to and from the product system contributing to a minimum of 99% of the declared environmental impacts have been included.

#### **REACH**

The product contains formaldehyde which is a substance of very high concern (SVHC) and is subject to authorization under the REACH Regulation. For details, test results are provided in the additional information section and table of technical spesifications.

#### LCA Modelling, Calculation and Data Quality

The results of the LCA with the indicators as per EPD requirement are given in the LCA result tables. All energy calculations were obtained using Cumulative Energy Demand (LHV) methodology, while fresh water use is calculated with selected inventory flows in SimaPro according to the PCR.

There are no co-product allocations within the LCA study underlying this EPD.

The SimaPro 9.1 LCA software and the Ecoinvent 3.6 LCA database were used to calculate the environmental impacts. The regional energy datasets were used for all energy calculations.

Raw materials, energy and water consumption, waste and material and product transport data is collected from Kastamonu Entegre. All primary data collected from Kastamonu Entegre is for the period year of 2019.

#### **Geographical Scope**

The geographical scope of this EPD is global. The assumptions of the end of life (C modules) and benefit (D module) stages can be referred to as the global.



		Environmenta	al Impacts for 1 m <sup>3</sup> of 0	GLOSSMAX TEKNO	DLAM					
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
GWP - Fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	351	34.1	11.7	0	5.59	-358			
GWP - Biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-1067	0.311	0.009	0	724	-1.65			
GWP - Luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	0.84	0.325	0.003	0	0.001	-0.718			
GWP - Total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-715	34.8	11.8	0	730	-361			
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	58.9E-6	963.29E-9	2.76E-6	0	1.05E-6	-14.9E-6			
AP	mol H+ eq	3.32	0.224	0.049	0	0.163	-1.79			
EP - Freshwater	kg PO₄ eq	43.7E-3	36.0E-3	831E-6	0	3.29E-3	-177E-3			
EP - Marine	kg N eq	715E-3	36.5E-3	15.0E-3	0	135E-3	-341E-3			
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	9.21E+0	331E-3	164E-3	0	856.00E-3	-3.42E+0			
POCP	kg NMVOC	2.233	0.091	0.053	0	0.229	-0.91			
ADPE	kg Sb eq	3E-3	82.2E-6	200E-6	0	37.9E-6	-443E-6			
ADPF	MJ	5859	375	183	0	80.6	-4647			
WDP	m³ depriv.	296	16.0	0.593	0	1.72	-56.3			
PM	disease inc.	26.5E-6	957E-9	1.06E-6	0	1.47E-6	-13.1E-6			
IR	kBq U-235 eq	17.17	0.506	0.93	0	0.428	-52.5			
ETP - FW	CTUe	4924	328	145	0	139	-6298			
HTTP - C	CTUh	1.72E-6	6.03E-9	3.58E-9	0	144E-9	-72.0E-9			
HTTP - NC	CTUh	3.32E-6	291E-9	166E-9	0	489E-9	-3.04E-6			
SQP	Pt	81446	21.6	209	0	108	-727			
Acronyms	transformation, ODF marine, EP-terrestri- resources, WDP: W	GWP-total: Climate change, GWP-fossil: Climate change- fossil, GWP-biogenic: Climate change - biogenic, GWP-luluc: Climate change - land use and transformation, ODP: Ozone layer depletion, AP: Acidification terrestrial and freshwater, EP-freshwater: Eutrophication freshwater, EP-marine: Eutrophication marine, EP-terrestrial: Eutrophication terrestrial, POCP: Photochemical oxidation, ADPE: Abiotic depletion - elements, ADPF: Abiotic depletion - fossil resources, WDP: Water scarcity, PM: Respiratory inorganics - particulate matter, IR: Ionising radiation, ETP-FW: Ecotoxicity freshwater, HTP-c: Cancer human health effects, HTP-nc: Non-cancer human health effects, SQP: Land use related impacts, soil quality.								
Legend	A1: Raw Material So and Loads Beyond t			: De-Construction, C2:	Waste Transport, C	3: Waste Processing, C4	Disposal, D: Benefits			
Biogenic Carbon Conten	it		Unit			A1-A3				
Biogenic carbon content	in product	THE TATE	kg C / m³ prod	duct		291				
Note: 1 kg biogenic carb	on is equivalent to 44/12 k	g of CO <sub>2</sub> .								

		Resource	e Use for 1 m³ of GLC	SSMAX TEKNOLA	M		
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
PERE	MJ	12736	89,7	2.30	0	3.40	-529
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	12736	89,7	2.30	0	3.40	-529
PENRE	MJ	5860	375	183	0	80.6	-4647
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT	MJ	5860	375	183	0	81	-4647
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m³	1.63	0.143	0.038	0	0.566	-1.49
		Waste & Out	out Flows for 1 m³ of	GLOSSMAX TEKN	OLAM		
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	0.466	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD	kg	3.33	0	0	0	0	0
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	56.1	0	0	485	0	0
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	1818	0
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0

PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy, PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy, SM: Secondary material, RSF: Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels, FW: Net use of fresh water, HWD: Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD: Radioactive waste disposed, CRU: Components for reuse, MFR: Material for recycling, MER: Materials for energy recovery, EE (Electrical): Exported energy electrical, EE (Thermal): Exported energy, Thermal.

		Environmental In	npacts for 1 m³ of GL	OSSMAX PRO TEK	NOLAM					
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
GWP - Fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	500	34.0	11.7	0	5.57	-357			
GWP - Biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-977	0.310	0.009	0	722	-1.64			
GWP - Luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	0.810	0.324	0.003	0	0.001	-0.715			
GWP - Total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-476	34.6	11.7	0	727	-360			
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	82.4E-6	960E-9	2.75E-6	0	1.04E-6	-14.9E-6			
AP	mol H+ eq	4.22	0.224	0.049	0	0.163	-1.79			
EP - Freshwater	kg PO₄ eq	55.8E-3	35.9E-3	829E-6	0	3.28E-3	-176E-3			
EP - Marine	kg N eq	819E-3	36.4E-3	14.9E-3	0	135E-3	-340E-3			
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	11.8E+0	330E-3	164E-3	0	853E-3	-3.41E+0			
POCP	kg NMVOC	2.64	0.090	0.053	0	0.228	-0.911			
ADPE	kg Sb eq	3.01E-3	82.0E-6	200E-6	0	37.8E-6	-441E-6			
ADPF	MJ	9104	374	182	0	80.4	-4633			
WDP	m³ depriv.	598	15.9	0.591	0	1.71	-56.1			
PM	disease inc.	42.2E-6	954E-9	1.06E-6	0	1.47E-6	-13.0E-6			
IR	kBq U-235 eq	23.1	0.505	0.93	0	0.427	-52.3			
ETP - FW	CTUe	6042	327	145	0	139	-6279			
HTTP - C	CTUh	4.18E-6	6.01E-9	3.57E-9	0	143E-9	-71.8E-9			
HTTP - NC	CTUh	4.07E-6	290E-9	165E-9	0	487E-9	-3.03E-6			
SQP	Pt	74680	21.5	209	0	108	-725			
Acronyms	transformation, ODP marine, EP-terrestric resources, WDP: W	GWP-total: Climate change, GWP-fossil: Climate change- fossil, GWP-biogenic: Climate change - biogenic, GWP-luluc: Climate change - land use and transformation, ODP: Ozone layer depletion, AP: Acidification terrestrial and freshwater, EP-freshwater: Eutrophication freshwater, EP-marine: Eutrophication marine, EP-terrestrial: Eutrophication terrestrial, POCP: Photochemical oxidation, ADPE: Abiotic depletion - elements, ADPF: Abiotic depletion - fossil resources, WDP: Water scarcity, PM: Respiratory inorganics - particulate matter, IR: Ionising radiation, ETP-FW: Ecotoxicity freshwater, HTP-c: Cancer human health effects, HTP-nc: Non-cancer human health effects, SQP: Land use related impacts, soil quality.								
Legend		upply, A2: Transport, he System Boundary.		: De-Construction, C2:	Waste Transport, C3	3: Waste Processing, C4	: Disposal, D: Benefits			
Biogenic Carbon Conten	t		Unit			A1-A3				
Biogenic carbon content	in product	7/17	kg C / m³ pro	duct		266				
Note: 1 kg biogenic carb	on is equivalent to 44/12 k	g of CO <sub>2</sub> .	78.00							

		Resource Us	se for 1 m³ of GLOSS	SMAX PRO TEKNO	LAM		
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
PERE	MJ	11708	89.4	2.29	0	3.39	-527
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	11708	89.4	2.29	0	3.39	-527
PENRE	MJ	9104	374	182	0	80.4	-4633
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT	MJ	9104	374	182	0	80.4	-4633
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
=W	m³	1.85	0.143	0.038	0	0.564	-1.48
		Waste & Output	Flows for 1 m³ of GL	OSSMAX PRO TE	KNOLAM		
mpact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	0.466	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD	kg	3.33	0	0	0	0	0
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	56.1	0	0	483	0	0
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	1811	0
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0

PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy, PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy, SM: Secondary material, RSF: Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels, FW: Net use of fresh water, HWD: Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD: Radioactive waste disposed, CRU: Components for reuse, MFR: Material for recycling, MER: Materials for energy recovery, EE (Electrical): Exported energy electrical, EE (Thermal): Exported energy, Thermal.

		Environment	al Impacts for 1 m <sup>3</sup> of	MATTPLUS TEKNO	LAM					
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
GWP - Fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	482	33.9	11.7	0	5.55	-356			
GWP - Biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-976	0.309	0.008	0	718	-1.64			
GWP - Luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	0.802	0.323	0.003	0	0.001	-0.712			
GWP - Total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-494	34.5	11.7	0	724	-358			
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	81.9E-6	955.83E-9	2.74E-6	0	1.04E-6	-14.8E-6			
AP	mol H+ eq	4.14	0.223	0.049	0	0.162	-1.78			
EP - Freshwater	kg PO₄ eq	53.1E-3	35.7E-3	825E-6	0	3.27E-3	-176E-3			
EP - Marine	kg N eq	801E-3	36.2E-3	14.9E-3	0	134E-3	-338E-3			
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	11.6E+0	328E-3	163E-3	0	849E-3	-3.40E+0			
POCP	kg NMVOC	2.56	0.090	0.052	0	0.227	-0.91			
ADPE	kg Sb eq	2.82E-3	81.6E-6	199E-6	0	37.6E-6	-439E-6			
ADPF	MJ	8593	372	181	0	80.0	-4611			
WDP	m³ depriv.	588	15.8	0.589	0	1.71	-55.9			
PM	disease inc.	41.4E-6	949E-9	1.05E-6	0	1.46E-6	-13.0E-6			
IR	kBq U-235 eq	23.3	0.502	0.923	0	0.425	-52.1			
ETP - FW	CTUe	5807	326	144	0	138	-6250			
HTTP - C	CTUh	4.17E-6	5.98E-9	3.56E-9	0	143E-9	-71.4E-9			
HTTP - NC	CTUh	3.92E-6	288E-9	165E-9	0	485E-9	-3.01E-6			
SQP	Pt	74600	21.4	208	0	107	-722			
Acronyms	transformation, ODF marine, EP-terrestri- resources, WDP: W	GWP-total: Climate change, GWP-fossil: Climate change- fossil, GWP-biogenic: Climate change - biogenic, GWP-luluc: Climate change - land use and transformation, ODP: Ozone layer depletion, AP: Acidification terrestrial and freshwater, EP-freshwater: Eutrophication freshwater, EP-marine: Eutrophication marine, EP-terrestrial: Eutrophication terrestrial, POCP: Photochemical oxidation, ADPE: Abiotic depletion - elements, ADPF: Abiotic depletion - fossil resources, WDP: Water scarcity, PM: Respiratory inorganics - particulate matter, IR: Ionising radiation, ETP-FW: Ecotoxicity freshwater, HTP-c: Cancer human health effects, HTP-nc: Non-cancer human health effects, SQP: Land use related impacts, soil quality.								
Legend	A1: Raw Material Stand Loads Beyond t		A3: Manufacturing, C1	: De-Construction, C2:	Waste Transport, C3	3: Waste Processing, C4	: Disposal, D: Benefits			
Biogenic Carbon Conten	t		Unit			A1-A3				
Biogenic carbon content	in product	THE TATE	kg C / m³ prod	duct		266				
Note: 1 kg biogenic carbo	on is equivalent to 44/12 k	g of CO <sub>2</sub> .								

		Resource	e Use for 1 m³ of MA	TTPLUS TEKNOLA	М		
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
PERE	MJ	11696	89.0	2.28	0	3.37	-525
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	11696	89.0	2.28	0	3.37	-525
PENRE	MJ	8593	372	181	0	80.0	-4611
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENRT	MJ	8593	372	181	0	80.0	-4611
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m³	1.80	0.142	0.038	0	0.562	-1.48
		Waste & Out	put Flows for 1 m³ of	MATTPLUS TEKN	OLAM		
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	0.466	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD	kg	3.33	0	0	0	0	0
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	56.1	0	0	481	0	0
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	1804	0
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0

PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy, PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy, SM: Secondary material, RSF: Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels, FW: Net use of fresh water, HWD: Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD: Radioactive waste disposed, CRU: Components for reuse, MFR: Material for recycling, MER: Materials for energy recovery, EE (Electrical): Exported energy electrical, EE (Thermal): Exported energy, Thermal.



## Additional Informations

For more information about Kastamonu Entegre and its products



Scan or Click!

With all technical details and 3D images, Kastamonu Entegre products are available on your mobile phone or tablet. Download IDS 3D (Interior Design Studio 3D) application and experience reality.









#### **VOC Emissions**

Testing Laboratory: RISE Research Institutes of Sweden AB

**Test Reference:** For updated test reference ID, it is recommended to contact the relevant sales executive.

Emission measurements according to SS-EN ISO 16000-9:2006 (Indoor air – Part 9: Determination of the emission of volatile organic compounds from building products and furnishing – Emission test chamber method) after 28 days regarding volatile organic compounds (VOC and VVOC/SVOC), carcinogenic substances (VOC-substances, EU Regulation No 1272/2008 Annex VI, cat 1A and 1B) formaldehyde and acetaldehyde (ISO 16000-3:2011). Evaluation according to EN 16516:2017 (EU-LCI values).

#### **Version History:**

V1.1 - 10.06.2021 - Product name changed.

V1.2 - 01.10.2022 - Company logo and Eco Platform logo updated.





/GPI/ General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 3.0

/ISO 9001/ Quality management systems - Requirements

/ISO 14001/ Environment Management System- Requirements

/EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/ Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

/ISO 14020:2000/ Environmental labels and declarations — General principles

/ISO 14025/ ISO 14025:2006 Preview Environmental labels and declarations -- Type III environmental declarations -- Principles and procedures

/ISO 14040-44/ ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO 14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

/ISO 45001/ Occupational Health & Safety Management System Certification - Requirements

/ Gervasio et al., 2018 / Model for Life Cycle Assessment of buildings LCA, JRC Technical Reports, 2018.

/ Günther et al. ,2012 /Calorific value of selected wood species and wood products, Springer.

/PCR for Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services/ Prepared by IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, Swedish Environmental Protection Agency,

SP Trä, Swedish Wood Preservation Institute, Swedisol, SCDA, Svenskt Limträ AB, SSAB, The International EPD System, 2019:14 Version 2.0, DATE 2019-12-20

/Ecoinvent/ Ecoinvent Centre, www.ecoinvent.org

/SimaPro/ SimaPro LCA Package, Pré Consultants, the Netherlands, www.pre-sustainability.com



### Contact Informations

#### **Programme**

EPD registered through fully aligned regional programme:

EPD Turkey: www.epdturkey.org



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS

#### **Programme Operator**

EPD Turkey: SÜRATAM – Turkish Centre for Sustainable Production Research & Design

Nef 09 B Blok No:7/15, 34415 Kağıthane / Istanbul, TURKEY

> www.epdturkey.org info@epdturkey.org

#### **Owner of The Declaration**

Kastamonu Entegre Agac Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S.

Altunizade Mh. Kısıklı Cd.No:13 34662 Uskudar/Istanbul, Turkey



The International EPD® System www.environdec.com



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS

EPD International AB
Box 210 60
SE-100 31 Stockholm, Sweden

www.environdec.com info@environdec.com

Contact: Cemalettin İlhan Quality Manager Phone: +90 216 554 30 00

www.keas.com.tr info@keas.com.tr

#### **LCA Practitioner**



Turkey: Lalegül Sok. No:7/18 Kağıthane 34415 4. Levent – Istanbul, Turkey +90 212 281 13 33 www.metsims.com info@metsims.com

United Kingdom: 4 Clear Water Place Oxford OX2 7NL, UK 0 800 722 0185

#### 3rd Party Verifier



LCA Studio Sárecká 5,16000 Prague 6 - Czech Republic Vladimír Kocí, PhD www.lcastudio.cz



Kastamonu Entegre Agac Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S.

- www.keas.com.tr
- **f** KastamonuEntegre.A.S
- KeasKurumsal
- in KastamonuEntegre A.S.
- kastamonuentegre